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| Overview | This standard identifies the requirements when promoting the holistic development of children and young people; including their physical, emotional, social, linguistic, communication and cognitive development. You are required to observe and assess the developmental needs of children and young people in all aspects of their development, including physical, emotional, social, and linguistic and communication. You are required to reflect your observation and assessment findings and identify how they will impact on your practice. You will then be expected to work with children and young people and others to plan, implement and evaluate activities and experiences to promote their development. |

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| **Performance criteria**  You must be able to:  You must be able to:  You must be able to:  You must be able to:  You must be able to: | Observe the holistic development of children and young people   1. identify the reasons for observing and assessing development 2. select appropriate techniques of observation and types of recording format 3. obtain necessary permissions to observe the child or young person from the child or young person and parents and carers where appropriate 4. discuss the observation with the child or young person to be observed and respond appropriately to their views, according to their preferences, needs and abilities 5. minimise distractions during the observation and observe the child or young person without intruding or causing unnecessary stress 6. observe the child or young person using appropriate techniques 7. maintain confidentiality, according to work setting requirements and policies and procedures   Assess the development of children and young people   1. undertake formative and summative assessments of the child or young person making sure they are based on observational findings and information from the child or young person, others, and parents and carers where appropriate 2. record your assessments, maintaining confidentiality as appropriate to work setting requirements and policies and procedures 3. share your findings with the child or young person, others and parents and carers as appropriate 4. in keeping with parental permission and work setting requirements, refer concerns about the child or young person to relevant external agencies when required 5. Reflect upon your assessment of child or young person’s development and work with them to identify implications for future planning and practice   Plan provision to promote the learning and development of children and young people   1. work with the child or young person to carry out child and young person centred planning, based on your assessment of the child or young person’s developmental progress and your reflection on practice 2. work with the child or young person to review and update their personal learning and development plan 3. ensure the personal learning and development plan meets the preferences, needs and abilities of the individual child or young person   Implement and evaluate plans to promote learning and development   1. work with the child or young person to implement their personal learning and development plan, taking into account their preferences, needs and abilities 2. provide access to activities and experiences which meet the preferences, needs and abilities of the child or young person as identified in their personal learning and development plan 3. promote the development of the child or young person by getting involved, where appropriate, in activities and experiences designed to meet the developmental needs of the child or young person, taking into account their preferences, needs and abilities   Evaluate plans to promote learning and development   1. work with the child or young person to evaluate the effectiveness of their personal learning and development plan in promoting their development 2. evaluate the implementation of the personal learning and development plan with the child or young person 3. reflect on and record how well your practice has impacted on positive developmental outcomes for the child or young person, according to work setting requirements and policies and procedures |

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| Knowledge and understanding  You need to know and understand:  You need to know and understand:  You need to know and understand:  You need to know and understand:  You need to know and understand:  You need to know and understand:  You need to know and understand:  You need to know and understand:  You need to know and understand: | **Rights**   1. legal and work setting requirements on equality, diversity, discrimination and rights 2. your role in promoting children and young people’s rights, choices, wellbeing and active participation 3. your duty to report any acts or omissions that could infringe the rights of children and young people 4. how to deal with and challenge discrimination 5. the rights that key people, children and young people have to make complaints and be supported to do so   **Your practice**   1. legislation, codes of practice, standards, frameworks and guidance relevant to your work, your work setting and the content of this standard 2. how your own background, experiences and beliefs may have an impact on your practice 3. your own roles, responsibilities and accountabilities with their limits and boundaries 4. the roles, responsibilities and accountabilities of others with whom you work 5. how to access and work to procedures and agreed ways of working 6. the meaning of person centred/child centred working and the importance of knowing and respecting all children and young people as an individual 7. the prime importance of the interests and well-being of children and young people 8. children and young people’s cultural and language context 9. how to build trust and rapport in a relationship 10. how your power and influence as a worker can impact on relationships 11. how to work in ways that promote active participation and maintain children and young people’s dignity, respect, personal beliefs and preferences 12. how to work in partnership with children, young people, key people and others 13. how to manage ethical conflicts and dilemmas in your work 14. how to challenge poor practice 15. how and when to seek support in situations beyond your experience and expertise   **Theory for practice**   1. the nature and impact of **factors that may affect the health, wellbeing and development** of children and young people you care for or support 2. factors that promote positive health and wellbeing of children and young people 3. theories underpinning our understanding of child development and learning, and factors that affect it 4. theories about attachment and impact on children and young people   **Communication**   1. the importance of effective communication in the work setting 2. factors that can have a positive or negative effect on communication and language skills and their development in children and young people 3. methods and techniques to promote communication skills which enable children and young people to express their needs, views and preferences   **Personal and professional development**   1. principles of reflective practice and why it is important   **Health and Safety**   1. your work setting policies and practices for monitoring and maintaining health, safety and security in the work environment 2. practices for the prevention and control of infection   **Safeguarding**   1. the responsibility that everyone has to raise concerns about possible harm or abuse, poor or discriminatory practices 2. indicators of potential or actual harm or abuse 3. how and when to report any concerns about abuse, poor or discriminatory practice, resources or operational difficulties 4. what to do if you have reported concerns but no action is taken to address them   **Handling information**   1. legal requirements, policies and procedures for the security and confidentiality of information 2. legal and work setting requirements for recording information and producing reports including the use of electronic communication 3. principles of confidentiality and when to pass on otherwise confidential information   Specific to this NOS   1. the **transitions** that children and young people may go through 2. pre-birth development and growth and external influences which can affect foetal growth and a baby’s brain development 3. a detailed understanding of the expected pattern of children and young people’s development, from conception to 21 years of age including physical, emotional, social, cognitive, linguistic and communication development 4. how to provide a warm, safe, secure and encouraging environment for children or young people in partnership with families 5. how to adapt your practice and the environment ensure that all the children in your care, including those with additional support needs can take part equally 6. how to develop a consistent, caring and nurturing relationships with the children or young people you work with 7. how to support the children or young people you work with to cope with their feelings whilst positively encouraging emotional well-being, confidence and resilience 8. how to promote independence in children or young people whilst supporting them to make choices, face challenges and take risks, according to their individual preferences, needs and abilities 9. how to provide an environment that is safe for the children or young people you work with and that meets their individual preferences and needs 10. how to encourage children or young people to make choices, express individual preferences and be aware of how their actions affect others 11. how to be realistic, positive, consistent and supportive in your responses to the behaviour of the children or young people you work with according to the procedures and agreed ways of working 12. how to give meaningful praise and encouragement according to the preferences and needs of the young people you work with 13. how to support emotional well-being, confidence and resilience according to the preferences and needs of the young people you work with 14. your setting's procedures for observing, assessing and recording and how these link to curriculum frameworks followed in your home country 15. how to encourage and support children or young people’s creativity 16. how to use everyday routines and developmentally appropriate activities, materials and first-hand experiences to support the learning and cognitive development of children or young people 17. how to identify and support children or young people’s literacy skills such as mark making, reading and writing 18. how to identify and support children or young people’s numeracy skills such as counting and using mathematical language 19. how to make sure children or young people have access to quiet periods and times to rest 20. how to support the communication skills of children or young people, including verbal and non verbal methods; such as using baby sign, email, and other forms of ICT 21. how to adapt strategies for children or young people where English or Welsh is not the home language or where there are communication difficulties 22. how to support children or young people’s communication in bilingual or multilingual settings 23. how to meet the physical needs of children or young people including nutrition and healthy eating 24. how to encourage the physical development of children or young people including the development of gross and fine motor skills, through the use of appropriate activities and equipment, according to individual preferences and needs 25. how to provide a safe environment that encourages the children or young people’s physical skills and confidence in movement to develop 26. how to answer children or young people’s questions with sensitivity whilst encouraging independence in a supportive way 27. how to encourage children or young people to have healthy lifestyles, such as healthy eating and exercise, in accordance with national guidelines 28. how to talk honestly and raise awareness of issues in line with children’s questions and concerns in accordance with the procedures and agreed ways of working of your work setting 29. how to encourage children or young people to make informed choices about matters that affect them 30. how to assess the importance of information 31. how to provide an encouraging and safe environment that recognises the significant **developmental changes** of children or young people 32. how to recognise children or young people’s individual preferences and needs as they go through developmental changes in their lives 33. how to provide information for children or young people, when requested, about things that concern them 34. how to support children and young people through transitions in their lives, such as starting day care or school, moving into residential child care, the death of a loved one and divorce 35. the importance of promoting active participation of the child and young person in the planning cycle |

**Additional Information**

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| Scope/range related to performance criteria | The details in this field are explanatory statements of scope and/or examples of possible contexts in which the NOS may apply; they are not to be regarded as range statements required for achievement of the NOS.  The use of the terms ‘child’ or ‘children’ in this standard may refer to your work on an individual or group basis.  Note: Where a child or young person finds it difficult or impossible to express their own preferences and make decisions about their life, achievement of this standard may require the involvement of advocates to represent the views and best interests of the child or young person.  Where there are language differences within the work setting, achievement of this standard may require the involvement of interpreters or translation services.  **Abilities** This is what the baby, child or young person is able to achieve or accomplish. This may or may not be in line with developmental norms for babies, children or young people of the same or a similar age.  **Activities and experiences** refers to play, learning and leisure activities that meet the preferences, needs and abilities of the child or young person with whom you work, such as playdough, skipping, football, reading and storytelling, ICT activities, arts and craft.  **Children or young people** are the children and/or young people you support and care for in your work  **Child centred approaches** are those that fully recognise the uniqueness of the child or young person and establish this as the basis for planning and delivery of care and support  **Formative assessment** is an initial and on-going assessment  **Others** are your colleagues and other professionals whose work contributes to the child or young person’s well-being and who enable you to carry out your role  **Parents** are those who have the legally acknowledged responsibilities for the continuous care, well-being and decision-making relating to the children or young people in question  **Policies and procedures** are formally agreed and binding ways of working that apply in many settings. Where policies and procedures do not exist, the term includes other agreed ways of working.  **Summative assessment** is an assessment that summarises findings  The **work setting** may be in someone's home, within an organisation's premises, in the premises of another organisation, out in the community |

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| Scope/range relating to knowledge and understanding | **All knowledge statements must be applied in the context of this standard.**  The details in this field are explanatory statements of scope and/or examples of possible contexts in which the NOS may apply; they are not to be regarded as range statements required for achievement of the NOS.  **Factors that may affect the health, wellbeing and development** may include: family circumstances; folic acid during pregnancy; a healthy diet; positive mental health; physical health; strong social networks; supportive family structure; adverse circumstances or trauma before or during birth; autistic spectrum conditions; discrimination; domestic violence; foetal alcohol syndrome; harm or abuse; injury; learning disability; medical conditions (chronic or acute); physical disability; poverty; profound or complex needs; sensory needs; social deprivation; and substance misuse  **Developmental changes** can include milestones such as learning to crawl, walk, toilet training, going through puberty and the initial stages of adulthood.  **Transitions** may include starting nursery for the first time, moving from nursery to school, moving home, the birth of a sibling, other changes affecting the child or young person |

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| Values | Adherence to codes of practice or conduct where applicable to your role and the principles and values that underpin your work setting, including the rights of children, young people and adults. These include the rights:  To be treated as an individual  To be treated equally and not be discriminated against  To be respected  To have privacy  To be treated in a dignified way  To be protected from danger and harm  To be supported and cared for in a way that meets their needs, takes account of their choices and also protects them  To communicate using their preferred methods of communication and language  To access information about themselves |

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